



NICKEL NORTH EXPLORATION

**NICKEL NORTH EXPLORATION CORP.**

(the “Company” or “Nickel North”)

**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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**Management Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014**

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The following Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) has been prepared by management as of November 28, 2014, and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statement of the Company together with the related notes for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, and the audited financial statements of the Company together with the related notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

**FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information and statements. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and various estimates, factors and assumptions as at the date of this MD&A and may include statements regarding exploration results and budgets, mineral resource estimates, work programs, capital expenditures, timelines, strategic plans, market price of commodities or other statements that are not statement of fact. The words “expects”, “plans”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “intends”, “estimates”, “projects”, “potential”, “interprets”, “may”, “will”, “should”, “might” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Some of the forward looking information and statements in this MD&A include “[t]he 2013 drilling and surface exploration program provided a significant leap in understanding and appreciation of the potential of the Hawk Ridge Property. The P&E’s 43-101 Report indicates that the Hawk Ridge Property has reasonable potential for economic open pit extraction. A potential that few properties ever reach. This new understanding of the economics, the insight to the controlling process of the mineralization and the known resource potential of the property puts the Company in a unique opportunity to expand the economic viability of the property during the 2014 exploration program.” Information concerning the interpretation of drill results may also be considered a forward-looking statement; as such information constitutes a prediction of what mineralization might be found to be present if and when a project is actually developed. This MD&A contains information on mineral resources, which are not mineral reserves; do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues. The quantity and grade of reported Inferred Resources in the estimation contained in the MD&A are uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define these Inferred Resources as an Indicated or Measured mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading them to an Indicated or Measured mineral resource category. The MD&A also indicated that the Hawk Ridge Property contains an exploration target with a potential range of certain number of tonnes at certain average grade ranges. The exploration target is based on the estimated strike length, depth and width of the known mineralization which is supported by intermittent drill holes, geophysics and observations of mineralized surface exposures. The potential quantities and grades of this exploration target are conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient work done by a Qualified Person to define these estimates as mineral resources. The Company is not treating these estimates as mineral resources, and readers should not place undue reliance on these estimates. Even with additional work, there is no guarantee that these estimates will be classified as mineral resources. In addition, there is no guarantee that these estimates will prove to be economically recoverable.

The forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions that have been made by the Company as at the date of such information and is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: risks associated with mineral exploration and development; metal and mineral prices; availability of capital; accuracy of the Company’s projections and estimates; realization of mineral resource estimates, interest and exchange rates; competition; stock price fluctuations; availability of drilling equipment and access; actual results of current exploration activities; government regulation; political or economic developments; environmental risks; insurance risks; capital expenditures; operating or technical difficulties in connection with development activities; personnel relations; the speculative nature of strategic metal exploration and development including the risks of diminishing quantities of grades of resources; contests over title to properties; and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, or other relevant issues. The quantity and grade of reported inferred mineral

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resources as the estimation is uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define these inferred mineral resources as an indicated or measured mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading inferred mineral resources to an indicated or measured mineral resource category.

Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions management believes to be reasonable, including but not limited to the price of copper, nickel, platinum, palladium or gold ; the demand for these metals; the ability to carry on exploration and development activities; the timely receipt of any required approvals; the ability to obtain qualified personnel, equipment and services in a timely and cost-efficient manner; the ability to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner; and the regulatory framework regarding environmental matters, and such other assumptions and factors as set out herein. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. The Company does not update or revise forward looking information even if new information becomes available unless legislation requires the Company do so. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information contained herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

## **OVERVIEW**

The Company was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada on February 27, 2007 as Orient Ventures Capital Inc. and changed its name to Nickel North Exploration Corp. on July 30, 2012.

The Company is currently engaged in acquisition, exploration, and development of mineral property interests in Canada. The Company's common shares are listed on the TSX-V under the symbol "NNX".

On January 31, 2012, the Company entered into a letter of intent with Anthem Resources Inc. ("Anthem") (formerly Virginia Energy Resources Inc. ("VAE")) to acquire certain mineral claims, referred to as the Hawk Ridge Property, in Ungava Bay, Quebec. The acquisition was intended to constitute the Company's Qualifying Transaction as defined under TSX-V Policy 2.4.

On March 29, 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement with Anthem Resources Inc. ("Anthem") and its wholly-owned subsidiary (together the "Optionors"), which was subsequently amended on May 15, 2012 (the "First Amendment"), on February 15, 2013 (the "Second Amendment"), and on April 17, 2013 (the "Third Amendment") whereby the Optionors granted the Company an option to acquire a 100% interest in the Hawk Ridge Ni-Cu-PGE Project in Northern Quebec (the "Hawk Ridge Property") by making staged payments totaling \$2,000,000 in cash and \$1,000,000 equivalent in common shares of the Company to Anthem by December 31, 2013 as follows:

- Pay \$500,000 in cash (paid) and \$250,000 in common shares (issued) within five business day of TSX-V final approval of the transaction;
- Pay \$500,000 in cash (paid) and \$250,000 in common shares (issued) by December 31, 2012; and
- Pay \$1,000,000 in cash (reduced by \$92,081 for 20% of geophysical survey costs paid by the Company) and issue \$500,000 in common shares (\$500,000 divided by the greater of (A) the price per consideration share ("Share"), equal to 10% discount to the Share's moving average trading price for the 20 day period immediately preceding the date of issuance, and (B) \$0.20) on or before December 31, 2013 (issued).

During the year ended December 31, 2013, under the Third Amendment, in lieu of paying \$1,000,000 in cash on or before December 31, 2013, the Company issued to the Optionors 3,631,675 units (the "Conversion Units") equal to \$907,919 (\$1,000,000 less \$92,081 for the geophysical survey costs) divided by \$0.25 per Conversion Unit. Each Conversion Unit consists of one common share and one half of one common share purchase warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional common share for a period of two years, at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share in the first year and \$0.60 per share in the second year. In addition, the Company issued 2,500,000 common shares equal to \$500,000 divided by the greater of \$0.20 or a 10% discount to the 20 day moving average trading price of the Company for the 20 day period immediately preceding the date of issuance.

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During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company issued 2,302,032 units with a fair value of \$460,406 as geophysical survey expense. Each unit comprised one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant; each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share for a period of two years following the closing date at a price of \$0.35 in the first year and at a price of \$0.60 in the second year.

The property is subject to a 3% net smelter returns royalty (“NSR”) and the Company has the option to purchase one-third of the NSR (1%) for \$1,000,000.

On May 1, 2013, the Company has fulfilled all option payments and acquired 100% ownership of the Hawk Ridge Property.

On February 15, 2013, the Company entered into an interim bridge loan agreement with Sino Minerals Corp., a subsidiary of Goldrock Resources Co. Ltd. for the amount of \$300,000. Goldrock Resources Co. Ltd. is a related party of the Company with two directors in common. The loan is unsecured, bears interest at 8% per annum, and was fully repaid in May 2013.

On March 28, 2013, the Company closed a \$2,000,000 private placement subscription agreement with Sinotech (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited, an affiliate company of Goldrock Resources Corporation Limited. The placement is for 8,000,000 units at \$0.25 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one half warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable for a period of 2 years and entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.35 in the first year and \$0.60 in the second year.

On April 15, 2013, the Company granted 200,000 stock options to Axon Communication with an exercise price of \$0.20 per share and an expiry date of 90 days after the date of grant. The 200,000 options vested immediately on the date of grant and expired on July 15, 2013.

On May 30, 2013, the Company completed a non-brokered financing of 16,666,667 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.30 per flow-through share for gross proceeds of \$5,000,000. The Company incurred share issuance costs of \$177,866 and issued 250,000 agent’s warrants in connection with the financing. Each agent’s warrant is exercisable until May 30, 2015 to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.35. The agent’s warrants were valued at \$9,615. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through agreements, the Company is required to comply with the contractual obligations and the renouncement requirements of the Canadian Income Tax Act. By September 30, 2014, the Company has fully fulfilled its contractual obligation toward the \$5,000,000 flow-through financing.

On August 23, 2013, the Company acquired all of Sino Minerals Corp.’s 100% interest in 14 mining claims covering a total area of approximately 2,860 hectares located in the Province of Ontario and known as the Nairn Property (the “Nairn Property”), subject to a 2% net smelter returns royalty over six of the claims and third party freehold patent surface rights over eight of the claims. In consideration for the Nairn Property, the Company issued to Sino Minerals Corp. 2,000,000 common shares at a market price of \$0.12 per share for the purchase at a fair value of \$240,000.

On June 26, 2014, the Company appointed Andrew Lee Smith as Interim President and Chief Executive Officer. The Company terminated the consulting agreement with Mr. Phillip Mudry, the predecessor Chief Executive Officer, and his company, Geosource Consulting Inc. and paid the termination fees of \$64,000 and bonus of \$36,000 as required by the agreement.

On September 9, 2014, the Company entered into an unsecured convertible debenture agreement (the “Convertible Debenture”) in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 (\$989,750 net of transaction costs) with Sinotech (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited (“Sinotech”), a company with two directors in common. The Convertible Debenture will mature twelve months after the issuance (the “Maturity Date”) and bears interest at 8% per annum payable on the Maturity Date. At the option the Company and any time after March 9, 2015, the Company may convert all or any part of the principal amount outstanding under the Convertible Debenture into common shares in the capital of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and any accrued but unpaid interest thereon at the greater of \$0.10

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per share and the market price at the time of conversion. The proceeds of the Convertible Debenture were used by the Company for the exploration program on the Company's Hawk Ridge Project.

**Hawk Ridge Property**

The Hawk Ridge property is strategically situated on tidewater in Ungava Bay, Northern Quebec and is located near the northern end of the Labrador Trough (New Quebec Orogen). The mineral claims cover 18,700 hectares along a 50 km belt of mafic to ultramafic intrusive, volcanic and sedimentary rocks. The property hosts numerous magmatic nickel-copper sulphide zones a long its length. The geology is composed of Early to Middle Proterozoic folded volcanic-sedimentary sequences intruded by gabbro, pyroxenite and peridotite sills. The property lies within the prolific Circum Superior Nickel Copper Belt, which also hosts the world-class (producing) Raglan and Thompson mining districts.

The property has an extensive exploration history dating back to 1961 (with a total of 24,000 meters of historical drilling in 361 holes, approximately \$20 million in expenditures) by several operators including Esso, SOGEM, Phelps Dodge, Troymine and Falconbridge. Prior to the 2012 exploration program, the most recent exploration activity was during 1996 and 1997 when an airborne magnetic and frequency domain EM (Electromagnetic) survey was carried out over the property, followed by 15,763 meters of drilling in 117 holes. Of the 29 historical nickel, copper and platinum group mineral occurrences identified on the property, exploration was concentrated on the following four zones; Pio Lake, Gamma, Hopes Advance Main and the Hopes Advance North.

The Pio Lake Zone contains two mineralized lenses that dip steeply to the east. An adit and four raises were extended into the mineralization during 1973-74 by Lone Star Mining and a 6,437 tonnes high grade bulk sample was reported to have been taken during that time. Lone Star Mining (1974) also reported that 7,260 tonnes grading an average of 6.9% Cu and 0.3% Ni in the East Vein, and 9,662 tonnes grading 6.6% Cu and 3.2% Ni in the West Vein still remains. The West lens has been interpreted as being of magmatic origin and the East lens may be of remobilized origin. This historical resource estimate is for a small zone of mineralization on the Hawk Ridge property but the calculation is not compliant with the NI-43-101 regulations. A Nickel North Exploration qualified person has not done sufficient work to date, to classify these historical estimates as current mineral reserves and or resources. Nickel North Exploration is not treating these historical estimates as current and the historical estimates should not be relied upon.

A historical resource estimate (non 43-101 compliant) of 48.4 million tonnes on the Hopes Advance Main Zone reported average grades of 0.51% Cu and 0.18% Ni over a strike length of 800 meters (based on the airborne EM response) and an average width of approximately 30 meters. Nickel North Exploration is not treating these historical estimates as current and the historical estimates should not be relied upon.

Historical drilling results from the Hopes Advance North Zone show massive and disseminated sulphides associated in a highly folded intrusive, sedimentary environment. The zone comprises of porphyritic gabbro, schist and peridotite over a strike length of at least 250 meters. Drill intersected massive sulphides reported grades of 6.81% Cu and 1.92% Ni over 3.0 meters and 1.24% Cu and 0.84% Ni over 3.95 meters in HR 96-35. Drill hole HR 97-112 located 250 meters south returned 2.45% Cu and 0.39% Ni over 3.5 meters.

Historical drilling results from the Gamma Zone contain grades of 4.56% Cu and 1.44% Ni over 3.5 meters in magmatic sulphides at the contact between porphyritic gabbro and graphitic schist. Disseminated sulphides in the gabbro reported average grades of 0.52% Cu and 0.19% Ni over 16.2 meters from several drill holes.

The Hawk Ridge property runs along a grandfathered north-south corridor of 429 mineral claims surrounded by restricted lands to the East, West and South. Category I lands administered by the Aupaluk Inuit Village are adjacent to the northern third of the property. Lands surrounding the southern two thirds of the property are currently withdrawn in order to study the potential of a provincial park (Baie-aux-feuilles). Also immediately to the southwest at the southern end of the property Category I lands are administered by the Tasiujaq Inuit Village.

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Building on the results returned from the 2012 exploration program, On June 10, 2013, Nickel North announced the commencement of a follow up helicopter-supported exploration program, which included field mapping and prospecting, as well as a ground geophysical program.

In 2013 the Company engaged a field program with the primary objective of collecting data sufficient to support the completion of an initial NI 43-101 resource calculation.

The \$5 Million exploration program included approximately 7,000 meters of diamond drilling utilized in two phases. The first phase, consisting of approximately 4,000 meters of drilling, focused on exploring for high-grade, Raglan-style mineralization. The second phase was directed toward definition drilling of approximately 3,000 meters and focus on expanding upon the Company's preliminary resource estimates (completed in spring 2013) done on the two intermediate-grade, large tonnage targets of Hopes Advance Main and Gamma zone.

***Initial Resource Calculation***

On March 12, 2014, The Company announced an initial NI 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate for three deposits (Hopes Advance, Gamma and Falco 7) on its 100% owned Hawk Ridge Cu-Ni-PGE project in Northern Québec.

Total In-Pit Inferred Mineral Resources at a \$25/tonne net smelter return cut-off are estimated at 19,636,000 tonnes at average grades of 0.577% Cu, 0.215% Ni, 0.011% Co, 0.051 g/t Pt, 0.207 g/t Pd and 0.105 g/t Au (which equates to a 1.029% Cu Equivalent grade basis).

The mineral resource estimates for the three deposits were completed by P&E Mining Consultants Inc. ("P&E") of Brampton, Ontario, to current NI 43-101 reporting standards for mineral resource disclosure.

**Total In-Pit Inferred Resources at Various NSR Cut-Offs (1-8)**

<b>Cut-Off</b>	<b>Tonnes</b>	<b>Cu Eq</b>	<b>Cu</b>	<b>Ni</b>	<b>Co</b>	<b>Pt</b>	<b>Pd</b>	<b>Au</b>	<b>Bulk Density</b>
<b>NSR \$/t</b>	<b>(000)</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>g/t</b>	<b>g/t</b>	<b>g/t</b>	<b>t/m3</b>
\$50	9,816	1.283	0.695	0.262	0.012	0.057	0.231	0.107	3.29
\$40	16,299	1.108	0.617	0.228	0.012	0.053	0.216	0.106	3.26
\$30	19,147	1.042	0.583	0.218	0.012	0.052	0.209	0.105	3.25
\$25	19,636	1.029	0.577	0.215	0.011	0.051	0.207	0.105	3.24
\$20	19,758	1.025	0.575	0.215	0.011	0.051	0.207	0.105	3.24
\$15	19,777	1.024	0.575	0.215	0.011	0.051	0.206	0.105	3.24

Notes:

1. CIM definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. Mineral Resources are estimated by conventional 3D block modelling based on wireframing at a \$25/tonne NSR cut-off and inverse distance squared grade interpolation.
3. Metal prices for the estimate are: US\$3.67/lb Cu, US\$8.51/lb Ni, US\$1,596/oz Pt, US\$702/oz Pd, US\$1,554/oz Au and US\$15.00/lb Co based on a three-year trailing average as of November 30, 2013.
4. A variable bulk density of 3.01 tonnes/m<sup>3</sup> or higher based on density weighting has been applied for volume to tonnes conversion.
5. Open pit Mineral Resources are estimated from surface to pit floor depths of 90 m to 160 m.
6. Mineral Resources are classified Inferred based on drill hole spacing, geologic continuity and quality of data.
7. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues. There is no certainty that all or any part of the Inferred Mineral Resource will be upgraded to an Indicated or Measured Mineral Resource as a result of continued exploration.
8. P&E recommends reporting open pit resources at the \$25/tonne NSR cut-off.

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The results of the 2013 program provided insight into the understanding of the mineralization on the Hawk Ridge property and confirmed several major features of the property and mineralization are directly comparable to the Ni-Cu, and PGE mining districts of Raglan and Thompson within the Circum-Superior Ni-Cu mafic, ultramafic igneous province.

Additional exploration is justified on the basis of the results of the 2013 exploration program and required to continue to enhance and expand the resource base that has been established as a result.

### **2014 Exploration Program**

On July 8, 2014 announced the commencement of exploration activities at its Hawk Ridge Ni-Cu-PGE Project in Northern Quebec.

As of July 1, 2014, technical personnel on site and field crews had initiated exploration activities.

The principal objective for the 2014 exploration program is the identification and assessment of new high-grade Ni-Cu-PGE targets similar in tenor and geological setting to the Pio prospect; where a historic, non 43-101 compliant resource\* calculation (Lone Star Mining, 1974) estimated 7260 tonnes grading an average of 6.9% Cu and 0.3% Ni from the East vein and 9662 tonnes grading an average of 6.6% Cu and 3.2% Ni In the West Vein, and; the Gamma prospect where DH-2012- 03, returned an intercept 4.67% Cu, 2.84% Ni, 0.09% Co, with 1.31 g/t PGE + Au over 1.86m (see news release dated December 4, 2012 and NI43-101 Technical Report for Hawk Ridge Project, Quebec – April 30, 2012).

*\* Qualified persons have not done sufficient work to classify the historical estimate, as current mineral resources or mineral reserves and the issuer is not treating the historical estimate as current mineral resources or mineral reserves.*

### ***Targeting***

Recent compilation studies have indicated high-grade mineralization on the Hawk Ridge property is associated primarily with sedimentary sulphides. Known metalliferous sedimentary sulphide zones on the property are Pio, Gamma and Hopes Advance North. Exceptions to this is style of mineralization have been described from the property and are illustrated by the high-grade intercept from the Gamma zone (see above and news release December 2, 2012) which is recognized as high grade magmatic sulphide mineralization.

The data indicate potential exists for additional discoveries of both high-grade ore types within the known mineralized belts on the Hawk Ridge Project.

### ***Exploration Field Work***

The exploration program is being rolled out in phases with the initial fieldwork focused on ground-truthing targets generated through recent desk-top studies. Mutli-element geochemical analyses of bedrock mineralization using handheld, portable XRF devices, geological mapping and sampling of targeted prospects are expected to be employed to qualify all potential target zones for follow-up ground geophysical surveys and diamond drilling. Additional Ground PEM surveys and diamond drilling are expected to be considered for inclusion as part of the 2014 exploration program based the on the results of the initial fieldwork and recommendations from Qualified Persons.

Exploration targets that are expected to be the focus of the 2014 exploration program include; the Pio Lake, Crosson Lakes, Horseshoe, Lambda Lakes, Schindler Lake and Gamma Extension and Fold prospects.

### **Phase I Results:**

Work completed in the first phase of the 2014 exploration program has consisted of systematic Niton portable XRF (Niton) prospecting, sampling and mapping to further assess and define Ni-Cu-PGE prospects within the Hawk

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Ridge property. To date, 2788 Niton stations have been collected on a number of VTEM conductors, showings and intrusions along a 126 square kilometre area of interest in the central portion of the property. This work is partially complete, with current investigations being expanded to previously unsurveyed portions of the property. Initial results have provided some new insight as the key criterion for identifying and prioritizing high-grade Ni-Cu-PGE mineralization at Hawk Ridge.

The highest grade nickel readings from the Niton survey have been returned from mineralization associated with magmatic settings and have affirmed the geological concept that high-grade Ni-Cu-PGE deposit(s) with a metallogenic setting similar to Raglan and “Raglan South” are likely present on the property and should be the focus of further exploration.

To date, this style of mineralization at Hawk Ridge has been identified as both disseminated and massive varieties. These narrow mineralized horizons display good lateral and down dip continuity have significance as components of a magmatic system that potentially includes substantial accumulations and thicknesses of similar high-grade material.

Exploration work has also identified new Ni-Cu-PGE showings of importance. The recently discovered “Brad Zone”, is a Ni-rich Zone with magmatic affinity and is spatially associated with the enigmatic high-grade Pio Lake Ni-Cu-PGE deposit. The newly discovered zone is 500m east of the Pio deposit and is defined by a 1.0 to 1.2 km long trend of massive and sheared ultramafic rocks contain disseminated magmatic sulphides.

The mineralized zone is characterized by areas of malachite staining containing extreme Ni and Cu concentrations as recorded by the Niton PXRf. The northern portion of the Brad Zone is associated with VTEM conductors with high conductivities characteristic of nickel sulphide conductors. Ground pulse electromagnetic surveys (PEM) over this zone and the Pio deposit are about to commence in preparation for drilling.

The Lucille prospect is a previously unexplored 2.3 kilometre long, 400 metre thick north trending peridotite-gabbro intrusive complex in the extreme southwestern portion of the property. It is noticeably different than all other peridotite bodies on the property in its lithological, geochemical, and geophysical character.

Outcrops have a pronounced iron-stained fractured appearance, and anomalous disseminated magmatic sulphides. Routine property wide Niton analyses on the Lucille prospect returned initial Ni and Cu concentrations several orders of magnitude greater than that found elsewhere (other than at known Ni-Cu-PGE deposits). Follow-up grid based Niton analyses on lines 25 m apart with 20 m sample stations (408 stations) returned a pronounced Ni anomaly on the southern most peridotite-gabbro body.

A detailed ground magnetic and VLF survey (50 m line spacing) has been conducted at Lucille and has confirmed coincidental geophysical anomalies associated with areas of anomalous nickel from the Niton survey. Strong VTEM geophysical conductors are known to flank this body. Currently ground based Pulse EM surveys is in progress over the complex.

**Phase II Exploration**

On August 21, 2014, Nickel North announced the extension of the 2014 work program to include a second phase of exploration to build on the success positive results generated by the Phase I exploration at the Company’s 100% owned Hawk Ridge Property in northern Quebec.

The \$1.4M Phase II work program included 1,000 metres of diamond drilling, ground geophysical and geochemical surveys in addition to ongoing Niton surveys, prospecting and geological mapping of key target areas.

The objective of the second phase of exploration is to drill test priority, high-grade Ni-Cu-PGE targets that have been previously identified or discovered during the first phase of the 2014 exploration program.



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The Brad Zone and Lucille prospect, along with other magmatic and high-grade Ni dominant occurrences, are priority exploration targets which the Phase II program has been designed to test with geophysics and a limited amount of drilling.

Based on successful completion of the geophysical surveys and further target prioritization, the drilling program was initiated to test subsurface mineralization at; the Pio Lake deposit & Brad Zone, the recently discovered Lucille Ni-Cu-PGE prospect, the Hopes Advance North high-grade Ni-Cu-PGE rich occurrence and down-dip extension potential, and the Gamma Zone high grade massive Ni-Cu-PGE sulphide body and its possible down-dip extension.

Subsequent to the end of Q3, on November 10, 2014, the Company announced the initial results from the 2014 diamond drilling program. These results included the Gamma Zone magmatic sulphide intersection of 7.01 metres of magmatic sulphides grading 2.11% Ni, 2.73% Cu and 0.62 grams PGE's per tonne from 60.5 metres drill depth, including; 4.35 metres at 3.37% Ni, 4.28% Cu and 0.86 grams PGEs per tonne, and; 3.35 metres at 4.24% Ni, 4.70% Cu and 0.95 grams PGEs per tonne.

This new Gamma Zone Hole intersection is considered important in that it was a 50 metre step out from a previously disclosed result from the 2012 program; HR-2014-50 was drilled approximately 50 m north of HR-2012-03 which intersected 1.86m grading 2.84% Ni, 4.67% Cu and 1.31 grams PGE's per tonne of Gamma Zone magmatic sulphides in 2012 (see release dated December 4, 2012). The results from HR-2014-50 indicate both the Ni concentration and widths of the massive sulphide intersection have increased northwards along strike.

**Table 1: Initial Drill Hole Results from 2014 Hawk Ridge Exploration Program**

HOLE #		From (m)	To (m)	Width <sup>(1,2)</sup> (m)	Ni <sup>(3)</sup> (%)	Cu <sup>(3)</sup> (%)	Pd <sup>(3)</sup> (g/t)	Pt <sup>(3)</sup> (g/t)	Au <sup>(3)</sup> (g/t)	Prospect	Comments
HR-2014-50		57.84	64.85	7.01	2.11	2.73	0.500	0.120	0.012	Gamma	Massive Magmatic Ni-Cu-PGE Sulphides
	Incl.	60.50	64.85	4.35	3.37	4.28	0.688	0.168	0.009	Gamma	Massive Magmatic Ni-Cu-PGE Sulphides
	Incl.	60.50	63.85	3.35	4.24	4.70	0.759	0.193	0.009	Gamma	Massive Magmatic Ni-Cu-PGE Sulphides
HR-2014-49		100.50	109.00	8.50	0.13	0.51	0.104	0.043	0.026	Gamma	Interstitial Magmatic Sulphides
	Incl.	100.50	104.00	3.50	0.21	0.71	0.135	0.046	0.031	Gamma	Interstitial Magmatic Sulphides

<sup>1</sup> reported intersections are believed to represent true thicknesses.

<sup>2</sup> Calculated intervals use a 0.25% Cu per tonne cut-off value.

<sup>3</sup> No top cut has been used on assay values.

Analyses for the remainder of the drill holes from the 2014 program are pending and will be disclosed as soon as they become available.

**Nairn Property**

In July 2013 A.C.A. Howe International was retained by the Company to update Howe's 2012 National Instrument 43-101 technical report on the Nairn Property. The following description of the Nairn Property and the history of exploration activity on the Nairn Property is primarily from Howe's updated technical report.

The Nairn Property is located in Nairn Township in northeastern Ontario, situated approximately 50 km west-southwest of the city of Sudbury; the center part of the Nairn Property is located approximately 2.5 km south of the Trans-Canada Highway and 2.5 km west of Wabagishik Lake at approximate latitude 4617'58"N longitude 81o37'24"W (UTM 452000E, 5127500N). Access to the Property is by ATV trails south from the town of Nairn and Highway 17E.

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The Company holds a 100% interest in Nairn Property, an early stage nickel-copper exploration property that consists of 14 unpatented mining claims covering approximately 2,860.4 hectares. Mr. Denis Leduc retains a 2% NSR royalty on 6 of the 14 claims.

The Nairn Property is centered on two major 2220 Ma Nipissing gabbro intrusions which intrude 2450 to 2210 Ma metasedimentary rocks of the Huronian Supergroup. The Huronian metasediments and Nipissing gabbros trend approximately east-northeast to northeast and dip moderately southeast. The gabbro intrusions are interpreted to be sills. The northern gabbro intrusion trends northeast across the property with a strike length of approximately 9.8 kilometres and a thickness of 300 to 600 metres. The southern intrusion trends northeast across the property approximately 300 to 500 metres south of and parallel to the northern intrusion for a strike length of approximately 5.5 km then jogs to the southeast for an additional strike length of approximately 3.5 kilometres. The thickness of the southern gabbro varies from 200 to 500 metres.

Ginn (1965) identified several areas of breccia within the Huronian metasedimentary rocks particularly within the vicinity of Hammond Lake. Wood (2003) identified at least some of these breccias as Sudbury Breccias occurring within greywacke and conglomerate. Sudbury breccias are reported to be well developed in a 25m wide zone that trends ~2300 to 2400 over the 150 metre length of the outcrop. No SIC (Sudbury Intrusive Complex) related offset dykes have been discovered to date within the Nairn Property area however the Mystery Offset dyke, an interpreted extension of the Worthington Offset dyke, is located approximately 3 km northeast of the property on the north side of the Bell Lake Fault structure. The Nairn Property is located on the south side of the Bell Lake Fault and if this fault has displaced the Mystery Offset dyke, potential may exist on the Nairn Property for a further southwest strike extension of the Mystery offset.

Nipissing gabbro sills are recognized as hosts to Cu-Ni-PGE metal concentrations in Sudbury region. In particular, Prophecy Platinum's Shakespeare Cu-Ni-PGE deposit in Shakespeare Township approximately 10 km west of the Nairn Property is hosted in a Nipissing gabbro sill geologically similar to gabbro sills on the Nairn Property.

Mineralization at the Nairn Property is primarily associated with the Nipissing gabbroic rocks as primary magmatic disseminated grains and blebby segregations, small pod-like, semi-massive to massive sulphide bodies and late remobilized sulphides within fractures, joints and shear zones. Sulphide minerals consist of predominantly pyrrhotite, pentlandite, chalcopyrite and pyrite.

Wood (2003) reported disseminated to semi-massive chalcopyrite-pyrrhotite-pyrite mineralization that appears to be related to Sudbury breccia developed in greywacke in the vicinity of several historic trenches on the Nairn Property. The historic trenches centre on an approximately 3 to 5 metre wide and 40 metre long gossan.

From 2008 to present the following exploration programs were completed on the Nairn Property:

- 2008 - Preliminary prospecting and geochemical survey (423 rock chip samples).
- 2009 - Ground magnetic survey.
- 2009 - Geochemical rock surveys (304 geochemical grab samples) over the areas of 4 mineral occurrences (K1, K3, K4 and K7).
- 2009 - Manual stripping of Quaternary overburden and channel sampling of the underlying bedrock at 4 mineral occurrences (K1, K3, K4 and K7 - 10 locations total – 68 channel samples).
- 2010 - Aeroquest helicopter-borne geophysical survey (14 claims).
- 2010 - Manual stripping of Quaternary overburden and channel sampling of the underlying bedrock at Sino mineral occurrence K11 (55 channel samples).
- 2010 - Five (5) diamond drill holes totaling 1,221 metres; 742 core samples analyzed.
- 2011 - A Titan-24 DC-IP survey (pole-dipole configuration with 100m dipoles; ten lines totaling 24 line km - 100 to 400 metre line separation with station intervals of 50 metres).
- 2011 - Borehole transient electromagnetic (BHTEM) surveys of three (3) diamond drill holes (ZK1, ZK3 and ZK5) totaling 989 metres.
- 2011 - Total Field Magnetic ground survey (ten lines totaling 26 line km - 100 to 400 metre line separation with station intervals of 50 metres; readings at 12.5 metre intervals).

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- 2012 - A Titan-24 DC-IP survey (pole-dipole configuration with 100m dipoles; eight lines totaling 23.7 line km - 200 metre line separation with station intervals of 50 metres).

Previous exploration concentrated on the eastern part of the property area in the vicinity of several historic mineral occurrences. During 2008 and 2009 the geochemical sampling and prospecting programs located 16 isolated relatively weakly mineralized Ni-Cu occurrences. The majority of the occurrences (13) are hosted in the Nipissing gabbro; the rest (3) are hosted by metasediments. Five occurrences were followed up with channel sampling in 2009 and 2010 (K1, K3, K4, K7 and K11 channel samples).

Of the five diamond drill holes completed in 2010, drill hole ZK1 and drill holes ZK2 and ZK3, at mineral occurrences K11 and K1 respectively, intersected only minor weak sulphide mineralization and were unable to repeat higher grade base metal grades obtained from the corresponding surface occurrences. Drill holes ZK4 and ZK5 which tested mineral occurrence K4 returned the most anomalous assay results albeit relatively low grade. The highest nickel grade of an individual sample was 4970 ppm over a core length of 1 metre, and that of copper was 1650 ppm over a core length of 0.32 metres.

The exploration to date has yet to identify a major Ni-Cu-PGE mineral occurrence of significant grade and volume, the presence of small isolated Ni-Cu sulphide occurrences within the Nairn Property's Nipissing gabbro sills indicates that the Nairn Property has the potential to host a Nipissing gabbro-hosted Ni-Cu sulphide deposit similar to the Shakespeare deposit. In addition, the presence of isolated Cu-rich sulphide mineralization in several small occurrences hosted by Huronian metasediments and associated Sudbury breccias and the observation that Sudbury breccias may provide structural preparation for the emplacement of SIC (Sudbury Intrusive Complex) related offset dykes and associated sulphide mineralization suggests the Nairn Property has the potential to host the latter style of mineralization. This potential is supported by the fact that the Nairn Property lays along strike, immediately southwest of the Mystery offset dyke, itself the interpreted southwest extension of the Worthington offset dyke.

### **2014 Exploration**

Currently, Nickel North is in the process of considering the next phase of exploration for the Nairn property. At the moment, no exploration program has been proposed for the Nairn property in 2014.

### **Qualified Person**

The technical contents in this document have been reviewed and approved by Andrew Lee Smith, P. Geo., a qualified person as defined by National Instrument (NI) 43-101.

Tracy J. Armstrong P. Geo. and Antoine R. Yassa P. Geo. of P&E Mining Consultants were the primary qualified persons as defined by National Instrument (NI) 43-101 for the 43-101 Technical Report and Resource Estimate on the Hawk Ridge Property, Northern Quebec.

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**DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS**

The Company is an exploration stage company and has no operating revenue. Expenditures related to mineral exploration are capitalized.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company had incurred \$12,540 (September 30, 2013 - \$1,287,412) in acquisition and other property costs, \$2,035,997 (September 30, 2013 - \$4,099,967) in exploration expenditures and \$4,990 (September 30, 2013 - \$33,201) in exploration prepayment. The large acquisition and other property costs incurred in 2013 were to acquire Hawk Ridge Property and Nairn Property compared to the small maintenance costs in 2014. By the end of September 2014, the Company completed a 1000 metre drilling program compared to a 7000 metre drilling program for the same period in 2013. Therefore, the exploration expenditures decreased for the nine month period in 2014 compared to the same period in 2013.

The Company is eligible to claim \$732,659 Quebec mining exploration tax credit for the exploration expenditures incurred for the period from the completion of QT to December 31, 2013. The Company has received \$650,413 Quebec mining exploration tax credit during the nine month period ended September 30, 2014.

	January 1, 2013	Additions	December 31, 2013	Additions	September 30, 2014
<b>Hawk Ridge Property, Quebec</b>					
Acquisition costs					
Option payment	\$ 1,897,906	\$ 919,751	\$ 2,817,657	\$ -	\$ 2,817,657
Other property costs	30,050	65,645	95,695	10,358	106,053
	1,927,956	985,396	2,913,352	10,358	2,923,710
Exploration costs					
Accommodation/camp	93,439	315,865	409,304	194,625	603,929
Assays	84,076	419,203	503,279	24,376	527,655
Drilling	302,585	1,203,210	1,505,795	309,548	1,815,343
Field supplies	121,147	616,130	737,277	92,079	829,356
Geological consulting	349,497	1,012,861	1,362,358	864,714	2,227,072
Miscellaneous	40,224	61,824	102,048	42,751	144,799
Transportation	361,524	987,180	1,348,704	373,916	1,722,620
Travel	56,464	167,178	223,642	131,898	355,540
	1,408,956	4,783,451	6,192,407	2,033,907	8,226,314
Exploration prepayment	204,309	(134,299)	70,010	4,990	75,000
Mining exploration tax credits	-	(624,294)	(624,294)	(108,365)	(732,659)
Balance, end of period	3,541,221	5,010,254	8,551,475	1,940,890	10,492,365
<b>Nairn Property, Ontario</b>					
Acquisition costs	-	240,000	240,000	2,182	242,182
Exploration costs					
Geological consulting	-	-	-	650	650
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	1,440	1,440
	-	-	-	2,090	2,090
Balance, end of period	-	240,000	240,000	4,272	244,272
Total balance, end of period	\$ 3,541,221	\$ 5,250,254	\$ 8,791,475	\$ 1,945,162	\$ 10,736,637

Other details of the mineral expenditures are included in the note 7 to the unaudited financial statements.

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Three month period ended September 30, 2014

The Company had incurred a net income of \$58,970 during the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to a net loss of \$94,790 incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2013. The net income is mainly due to the settlement of flow-through premium liability of \$165,159 net against the general operating expenses of \$112,373.

The net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014 is inclusive of general operating expenses of \$112,373 (September 30, 2013 - \$114,659), interest and other income of \$6,184 (September 30, 2013 - \$19,869), and settlement of flow-through premium liability of \$165,159 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil).

Some of the significant general operating expense items are summarized as follows:

- Office administration and miscellaneous of \$19,594 (September 30, 2013 - \$21,789) include fees for office administrative personnel, rent and office expenses etc.
- Consulting fees of \$39,823 (September 30, 2013 - \$46,175) mainly relates to \$19,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil) paid to the former Chief Executive Officer of the Company for his consulting services, \$8,125 (September 30, 2013 - \$34,250) to directors, and \$7,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$11,925) to a company with two directors in common for consulting service on investor relations and corporate communication.
- Legal expenses of \$10,825 (September 30, 2013 - \$290) relate mainly to corporate matters. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company engaged lawyer's support to deal with various corporate matters.
- Travel and promotion of \$1,913 (September 30, 2013 - \$2,170) relate mainly to trips made by the Company's management and consultants for various business meetings.
- Wages and benefits of \$27,263 (September 30, 2013 - \$32,258) relate to the compensations to employees of the Company.

Nine month period ended September 30, 2014

The Company had incurred a net loss of \$220,156 during the nine month period ended September 30, 2014 compared to a net loss of \$587,722 incurred during the nine month period ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in net loss is mainly due to the recognition of \$332,537 (September 30, 2013 - \$50,092) as other income for the settlement of flow-through premium liability and tightened spending on travel, promotion and legal fees in 2014. The net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 is inclusive of general operating expenses of \$563,077 (September 30, 2013 - \$661,348), interest and other income of \$10,384 (September 30, 2013 - \$23,534) and settlement of flow-through premium liability of \$332,537 (September 30, 2013 - \$50,092).

The general operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were \$563,077 (September 30, 2013 - \$661,348). Some of the significant general operating expense items are summarized as follows:

- Office administration and miscellaneous of \$64,620 (September 30, 2013 - \$63,867) include fees for office administrative personnel, rent and office expenses etc.
- Consulting fees of \$260,307 (September 30, 2013 - \$267,894) mainly relates to \$32,121 (September 30, 2013 - \$56,064) paid to the former Chief Executive Officer of the Company for his consulting services and \$100,000 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil) paid for terminating his consulting agreement, \$32,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil) paid to the current Chief Executive Officer for the Company for his consulting services, \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$14,930) to the former Chief Financial Officer of the Company, \$72,238 (September 30, 2013 - \$104,367) to directors, \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$34,875) to a company with an officer in common with the Company for service provided in connection with financing, marketing and investor relations, and \$22,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$27,925) to a company with two directors in common for consulting service on investor

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relations and corporate communication.

- Legal expenses of \$28,898 (September 30, 2013 - \$51,315) relate mainly to corporate matters. Compared to the same period in 2014, the Company largely engaged lawyer's support to deal with various corporate matters in 2013.
- Travel and promotion of \$63,401 (September 30, 2013 - \$92,347) relate mainly to trips made by the Company's management, directors and consultants for promotion and financing activities. The decrease for travel and promotion expenses during the period was due to a significant decrease in travel and promotion versus an active and focused travel and promotion program carried out during the same period in 2013.
- Wages and benefits of \$87,103 (September 30, 2013 - \$97,701) relate to the compensations to employees of the Company.
- Accounting and audit expenses of \$29,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$35,000) related to the fees paid for professional accounting and audit services.

**SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

The following table sets forth selected unaudited financial information for the Company's eight most recent quarters ending with the last quarter for the three months ended September 30, 2014.

	Fiscal Ended December 31, 2014			Fiscal Ended December 31, 2013				Fiscal Ended December 31, 2012	
	For the Three Months Ending								
	Sept. 30, 2014	Jun. 30, 2014	Mar. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013	Sept. 30, 2013	Jun. 30, 2013	Mar. 31, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012	Sept. 30, 2012
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Total revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) from continuing operations	58,970	(277,941)	(1,185)	1,403,772	(94,790)	(238,135)	(254,797)	(313,306)	(299,199)
Net income (loss)	58,970	(277,941)	(1,185)	1,403,772	(94,790)	(238,135)	(254,797)	(313,306)	(299,199)
Income (loss) from continuing operations per share - basic and diluted	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.02	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Net income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.02	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the cash balance increased by \$59,289. The Company received \$374,192 in operating activities, spent \$1,304,653 on the Hawk Ridge property and received \$989,750 in financing activity.

As at September 30, 2014, the Company had a cash balance of \$1,183,473 compared to a cash balance of \$1,124,184 as at December 31, 2013. The Company had a working capital deficit of \$202,304 as at September 30, 2014 compared to the working capital of \$1,898,965 as at December 31, 2013.

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At present, management considers that the Company does not have sufficient capital resources to meet its anticipated operating and capital requirements for the next 12 months. The Company intends to investigate possible financing in order to accomplish the planned expansion of the exploration and development of its mineral property. The Company will continue to monitor the current economic and financial market conditions and evaluate their impact on the Company's liquidity and future prospects.

Going Concern

At present, the Company's operations do not generate cash flow. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company had incurred a net loss of \$220,156 and at September 30, 2014, an accumulated deficit of \$859,739. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future. Although the Company has been successful in raising funds in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the near future, which raise significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The directors, after reviewing the current cash position and having considered the Company's ability to raise funds in the short-term, believe that the going concern basis is appropriate in preparing its financial statements.

The Company's financial statements do not include adjustments that would be required if going concern was not deemed an appropriate basis for preparation of the financial statements. These adjustments could be material.

**OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company entered into the following related party transactions for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

- a) Incurred corporate consulting fees of \$32,121 (September 30, 2013 - \$56,064) from a company owned by the former CEO of the Company. Incurred \$100,000 termination payment to the former CEO of the Company for the contractual obligation.
- b) Incurred corporate consulting fees of \$32,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil) from a company owned by the CEO of the Company.
- c) Incurred consulting fees of \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$14,930) from a company controlled by the former CFO of the Company for corporate consulting services provided.
- d) Incurred consulting fees of \$18,750 (September 30, 2013 - \$22,500) from a company controlled by a director of the Company for corporate consulting services provided.
- e) Incurred consulting fees of \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$34,875) from a company controlled by the former CFO of the Company for services provided in connection with the financing, marketing and investor relations.
- f) Incurred corporate consulting fees of \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$6,200) from a company owned by a former director of the Company.
- g) Incurred corporate consulting fees of \$22,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$27,925) from a company with two directors in common.
- h) Incurred interest expense of \$nil (September 30, 2013 - \$4,866) on a loan from a company controlled by directors of the Company. The principal of the loan was \$300,000 pursuant to a loan agreement entered on February 8, 2013. The loan was unsecured, accrued interest at 8% per annum and was fully repaid in May 2013.

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- i) Incurred director fees of \$53,488 (September 30, 2013 - \$75,667) to the directors of the Company.
- j) Incurred \$144,076 (September 30, 2013 - \$149,536) geological consulting fees for exploration expenditures to companies controlled by directors and by the former CEO of the Company.
- k) Incurred Office and Administration fees of \$13,500 (September 30, 2013 - \$nil) and corporate consulting fees \$948 of (September 30, 2013- \$nil) from a company with the CEO and 3 directors in common.
- l) As at September 30, 2014, included in accounts and other payables is \$61,547 (December 31, 2013 - \$146,582) due to directors, officers and companies controlled by directors and officers for services rendered. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and have no specific terms of repayment.

Key management includes directors (executive and non-executive) and senior officers of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to key management personnel during the nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Short-term benefits	\$ 396,099	\$ 336,905

**SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

The Company's issued and outstanding share capital as at the date of this report is as follows:

- (1) Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value and unlimited number of non-voting, non-participating, non-cumulative preferred shares without par value issuable in series
- (2) As at November 28, 2014, the Company has 65,718,747 common shares, 1,852,875 options and 6,065,838 warrants issued and outstanding.

**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and judgments include:

- (i) Recorded costs of exploration and evaluation assets are not intended to reflect present or future values of these assets. The assessment of indications of impairment and the measuring of the recoverable amount when impairment tests have been prepared involve judgment. The recorded costs are subject to measurement uncertainty and it is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that change in future conditions could require a material change in the recognized amount.
- (ii) The determination of the fair value of stock options or warrants using stock option pricing models, require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate; therefore the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options and warrants.
- (iii) The determination of deferred income tax assets or liabilities requires subjective assumptions regarding future income tax rates and the likelihood of utilizing tax carry-forwards. Changes in these assumptions could materially affect the recorded amounts, and therefore do not necessarily provide certainty as to their recorded values.



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- (iv) The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern involves judgment regarding future funding available for its exploration projects and working capital requirements.
- (v) The recognition of provisions for restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligation.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

**FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**Fair values**

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, account and other payables, and convertible debenture. The carrying amounts of these financial instruments are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of their current nature. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value due to their short terms of maturity.

The following table summarizes the carrying values of the Company's financial instruments:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
FVTPL (i)	\$ 1,212,223	\$ 1,152,934
Other financial liabilities (ii)	\$ 1,692,769	\$ 204,451

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash

(ii) Accounts and other payables, convertible debenture

The Company classifies its fair value measurements in accordance with the three level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices), and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total September 30, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,183,473	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,183,473
Restricted cash	\$ 28,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,750

**Financial risk management**

The Company's financial risks arising from its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, and interest rate risk. The Company's exposures to these risks and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

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*Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The credit risk of the Company is associated with cash and cash equivalents. The credit risk with respect to its cash and cash equivalents is minimal as they are held with high-credit quality financial institutions. Management does not expect these counterparties to fail to meet their obligations.

*Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities as they fall due. As at September 30, 2014, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$202,304. All of the Company's financial liabilities are classified as current.

At present, the Company's operations do not generate cash flow. The Company's primary source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities through private placements and the exercise of stock options and warrants. Despite previous success in acquiring these financings, there is no guarantee of obtaining future financings.

Significant commitments in years subsequent to September 30, 2014 are as follows:

	< 1 year	1 – 3 years	Total
Accounts and other payables	\$ 760,986	\$ -	\$ 760,986
Convertible debenture	\$ 931,783	\$ -	\$ 931,783

*Interest rate risk*

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash and cash equivalents maintained at the financial institutions. The interest rate risks on cash and cash equivalents are not considered significant due to their short-term nature.

**CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION**

**Recent accounting pronouncements**

The mandatory adoption of the following new and revised accounting standards and interpretations on January 1, 2014 had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements for the periods presented.

**IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*** - In May 2013, the IASB issued an amendment to address the disclosure of information about the recoverable amount of impaired assets or a CGU for periods in which an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed. The amendments also address disclosure requirements applicable when an asset's or a CGU's recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal.

**IFRIC 21 *Levies*** - In May 2013, the IASB issued IFRIC 21, Levies ("IFRIC 21"), an interpretation of IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets ("IAS 37"), on the accounting for levies imposed by governments. IAS 37 sets out criteria for the recognition of a liability, one of which is the requirement for the entity to have a present obligation as a result of a past event ("obligating event"). IFRIC 21 clarifies that the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay a levy is the activity described in the relevant legislation that triggers the payment of the levy.

**New accounting standards issued but not yet effective**

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the IASB or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") that are mandatory for accounting periods

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beginning on or after January 1, 2015, or later periods. Some updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company may have been excluded from the list below.

**New accounting standards effective January 1, 2015**

**IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*** - IFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and contained requirements for financial assets. This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: Amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments and such instruments are either recognized at the fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where such equity instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, dividends are recognized in profit or loss to the extent not clearly representing a return of investment; however, others gains and losses (including impairments) associated with such instruments remain in accumulated other comprehensive income indefinitely.

Requirements for financial liabilities were added in October 2010 and they largely carried forward existing requirements in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement*, except that fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss would generally be recorded in other comprehensive income.

IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 with early adoption permitted by amendments to IAS 32, January 1, 2014.

The Company has not yet begun the process of assessing the impact that the new and amended standards will have on its financial statements or whether to early adopt any of the new requirements.

**Comparative Figures**

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

**DISCLOSURE CONTROLS**

In connection with Exemption Orders issued by each of the securities commissions across Canada, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company will file a Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with respect to the financial information contained in the unaudited interim financial statements and the audited annual financial statements and respective accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis.

In contrast to the certificates under National Instrument ("NI") 52-109 (Certification of disclosure in an Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings), the Venture Issuer Basic Certification does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting as defined in NI 52-109.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information concerning the Company and its operations is available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and on the Company web site at [www.nickelnorthexploration.com](http://www.nickelnorthexploration.com).

**APPROVAL**

The Board of Directors of Nickel North Exploration Corp. has approved the contents of this management discussion and analysis on November 28, 2014. A copy of this MD&A together with the Company's unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 will be provided upon request.